

Model Question – 5

Subject : Mathematics XII (Mat. 402/008)

Time : 3 hrs

F.M. 75

Attempt all the questions:

Group “A”

Rewrite the correct option in your answer sheet:

11X1=11

- 1) For what value of p will be the equation $5x^2 - px + 45 = 0$ have equal roots?
a. 30 b. -30 c. both a and b d. none
- 2) If $C(21, 2r+1) = C(21, 3r-5)$ then the value of r will be
a. 5 b. 6 c. 5 or 6 d. 7
- 3) If $\cos^{-1} x + \cos^{-1} y = \frac{\pi}{2}$ then $x^2 + y^2 =$
a. 2 b. 3 c. 4 d. 1
- 4) The eccentricity of the hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$ is
a. $\frac{3}{5}$ b. $\frac{5}{3}$ c. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ d. $\sqrt{3}$
- 5) The distance between two parallel plane $2x-2y+z+1=0$ and $4x - 4y+ 2z+3 = 0$ is

- a. $-\frac{1}{6}$ b. $\frac{1}{6}$ c. 2 d. $\frac{1}{2}$

- 6) The area of parallelogram determine by the vectors $-3\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + \vec{k}$ and $\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 3\vec{k}$ is
 a. 6 b. $6\sqrt{5}$ c. $5\sqrt{6}$ d. none
- 7) The correlation coefficient between two variables lies between
 a. -1 to 1 b. -2 to 2 c. 0 to 1 d. none
- 8) The derivative of $e^{\tan x}$ is
 a. $e^{\tan x}$ b. $\frac{e^{\tan x}}{\sec^2 x}$ c. $\sec^2 e^{\tan x}$ d. none
- 9) The solution of the differential equation $xy = -y dx$ is
 a. $x/y = c$ b. $xy = c$ c. $x + y = c$ d. $xy = 0$
- 10) When will be the system of linear equations consistent?
 a. It has unique solution.
 b. It has infinitely many solution.
 c. Both a and b.
 d. None
- 11) A body of mass 0.5 kg and initially at rest is subjected to a force of 2N for 1 sec then the velocity during the second is
 a. 4ms^{-1} b. 5ms^{-1} c. 6ms^{-1} d. none

Group "B"

Short answer questions:

8X5=40

- 12)
 a) In how many ways "MONDAY" can be arranged. How many of these arrangements do not begin with M? How many begin with M and do not end with Y? 3
 b) Solve the following equation using Cramer's rule: $\frac{3}{x} + \frac{2}{y} = \frac{19}{20}$ and $\frac{4}{x} + \frac{10}{y} = 2$ 2
- 13) Find the general term and then the sum of first in terms of the series:
 $1.2^2 + 3.4^2 + 5.6^2 + \dots$ 5
- 14)
 a) Solve: $\cos 3x + \cos x = \cos 2x$. 3
 b) Find the co-ordinates of the point where the line through the points (5, 6, 1) and (5, 1, 6) crosses the xy – plane 2
- 15)
 a) Find the regression equation x on y from the following data: 3

x	5	9	13	17	21
y	3	8	13	18	23

- b) If 20% of bulbs produce by a machine are defective, determine the probability that out of 4 bulbs chosen random that one is defective. 2
- 16) Integrate: $\int \frac{dx}{(x-1)^2(x-2)^3}$ 5
- 17) Solve: $(1+x^2)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^{\tan^{-1}x}$ 5
- 18) Using Simplex method, solve the LP problem
 Max U = 25x + 45y
 S.t. x + 3y ≤ 21
 2x + 3y ≤ 24 x, y ≥ 0 5
- 19)
 a) A particle is projected with a velocity u. if the greatest height attained by the particle be H, prove that the range R on the horizontal plane through the point of projection is

$$R = 4\sqrt{H\left(\frac{u^2}{2g} - H\right)}$$
 3
- b) Two parallel forces of 30 kg wt and 20 kg wt are acting at a distance 40 cms apart. Find their resultant if forces are like. 2

Group "C"

Long answer questions:

3X8=24

- 20)
 a) If the three consecutive coefficients in a expansion of $(1+x)^n$ be 165, 330, 462. Find n. 4
 b) Use the row-equivalent matrices to solve the system

$$\begin{aligned} x + y + z &= 1 \\ x + 2y + 3z &= 4 \\ x + 3y + 7z &= 13 \end{aligned}$$
 4
- 21)
 a) Using vector method, prove that:

$$\sin(A-B) = \sin A \cdot \cos B - \cos A \cdot \sin B$$
 5
 b) Deduce the equation to the hyperbola in the standard forms in with focus at (-5, 0) and a vertex at (2, 0) 3
- 22)
 a) State Mean value theorem with geometrical meaning and verify for the function $f(x) = (x-1)(x-2)(x-3)$ in [1, 4] 6
 b) Find the derivative of $x^{\cosh x/a}$ 2

Answers:

Group A

1) (c)	2) (c)	3) (d)	4) (b)
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5) (b)	6) (b)	7) (a)	8) (b)
9) (b)	10) (c)	11) (a)	

Group B

12) (a) 720, 600, 96 (b) (-3, 2)
13) $(2n-1)(2n)^2, \frac{2}{3}n(n+1)(3n^2+n-1)$
14) (a) $x = (2n+1)\frac{\pi}{4}, 2n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3}$ (b) (5, 7, 0)
15) (a) $x = 0.8y + 2.6$ (b) 0.4096
16) $-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-1}{x-2}\right)^2 + 3\left(\frac{x-1}{x-2}\right) - 3\log\left(\frac{x-1}{x-2}\right) - \frac{x-2}{x-1} + C$
17) $y = \frac{1}{2}e^{\tan^{-1}x} + ce^{-\tan^{-1}x}$
18) $Max U = 345, x = 3, y = 6$
19) (b) 16 cm apart of resultant 50 kg

Group C

20) (a) 11 (b) (1, -3, 3)
21) (b) $21x^2 - 4y^2 = 84$
22) b) $x^{\cosh x/a} \left[\frac{1}{x} \cosh \frac{x}{a} + \frac{1}{a} \sinh \frac{x}{a} \log x \right]$